



ELEMENTAL ROYALTIES CORP.
(formerly “Fengro Industries Corp.”)

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019
(Expressed in US Dollars)



Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholders of Elemental Royalties Corp.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Elemental Royalties Corp. and its subsidiaries (together, the Company) as at December 31, 2020 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

What we have audited

The Company's consolidated financial statements comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020;
- the consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Comparative information

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2019 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on June 30, 2020.

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Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Dean Larocque.

/s/PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Vancouver, British Columbia
April 27, 2021

ELEMENTAL ROYALTIES CORP.
(Formerly “Fengro Industries Corp.”)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
(Expressed in US Dollars)

	Notes	December 31, 2020 \$	December 31, 2019 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		10,920,888	812,572
Accounts receivable	5	1,103,831	445,182
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		112,905	50,789
Total current assets		12,137,624	1,308,543
Non-current assets			
Deferred acquisition costs	15	108,447	503,200
Deferred financing costs	15	153,390	75,000
Royalty interests	6	15,645,301	4,779,572
Total non-current assets		15,907,138	5,357,772
Total assets		28,044,762	6,666,315
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,135,066	293,424
Borrowings	7	1	-
Total current liabilities		1,135,067	293,424
Total liabilities		1,135,067	293,424
Equity			
Share capital	8	28,791,726	6,388,098
Reserves		1,078,494	348,648
Subscriptions received		-	7,185
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		40,183	(970)
Deficit		(3,000,708)	(370,070)
Total equity		26,909,695	6,372,891
Total liabilities and equity		28,044,762	6,666,315

Commitments (Note 14)
Subsequent events (Note 15)

Approved by the Board of Directors on April 23, 2021

<u>“Frederick Bell”</u>	Director	<u>“Martin Turenne”</u>	Director
Frederick Bell		Martin Turenne	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ELEMENTAL ROYALTIES CORP.

(Formerly "Fengro Industries Corp.")

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in US Dollars)

	Notes	2020 \$	2019 \$
Revenue from royalty interests	6	5,120,984	2,415,359
Depletion of royalty interests	6	(1,689,216)	(706,688)
Gross profit		3,431,768	1,708,671
General and administrative expenses	10	(1,080,080)	(429,041)
Project evaluation expenses	10	(379,520)	(269,953)
Share-based compensation expense	8(d),11	(729,846)	(232,432)
Income from operations		1,242,322	777,245
Other income and expenses			
Interest income		15,487	120
Interest and finance expenses	7	(1,454,417)	(84,600)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		339,286	(1,499)
Gain on acquisition	11	74,240	-
Listing expense	4,8	(1,533,678)	-
(Loss) income before income taxes		(1,316,760)	691,266
Tax expense		(1,313,878)	(773,076)
Net loss for the year		(2,630,638)	(81,810)
Other comprehensive income (loss)			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss:			
Foreign currency translation adjustment		41,153	(934)
Other comprehensive income (loss)		41,153	(934)
Total comprehensive loss		(2,589,485)	(82,744)
Loss per share – basic and diluted		(0.08)	(0.00)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding – basic and diluted		31,551,973	17,738,928

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ELEMENTAL ROYALTIES CORP.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in US Dollars)

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Operating activities		
Net loss for the year	(2,630,638)	(81,810)
Items not affecting cash:		
Depletion of royalty interests	1,689,216	706,688
Foreign exchange	1,042	545
Expenses settled in shares	-	19,776
Shares issued as bonus	7,511	-
Share-based compensation expense	729,846	232,432
Interest and finance expenses	1,454,417	84,600
Interest income	(15,487)	(120)
Gain on acquisition	(74,240)	-
Listing expense	1,036,927	-
	2,198,594	962,111
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Accounts receivable	(634,019)	(81,194)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(62,116)	(50,789)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	585,540	177,101
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,087,999	1,007,229
Investing activities		
Interest received	15,487	120
Purchase of royalties	(11,117,405)	(503,200)
Cash received on acquisition of ERL UK	81,416	-
Cash received on acquisition of Fengro	12,462	-
Cash used in investing activities	(11,008,040)	(503,080)
Financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of shares, net of fees paid in cash	17,918,697	1,816,132
Interest paid	(610,639)	(146,442)
Proceeds of borrowings, net of fees paid in cash	10,461,067	-
Repayment of borrowings	(8,587,378)	(1,487,003)
Deferred financing costs	(153,390)	(75,000)
Dividends paid	-	(5,453)
Net cash provided by financing activities	19,028,357	102,234
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	10,108,316	606,383
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year	812,572	206,189
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	10,920,888	812,572

Supplemental cash flow information (Note 12)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in US Dollars)

	Ordinary shares #	Share capital \$	Reserves \$	Subscriptions received \$	Equity component convertible loan \$	AOCI \$	Deficit \$	Total Equity \$
Balance as at December 31, 2018	15,993,975	4,124,574	116,216	80,810	-	(36)	(228,816)	4,092,748
Issued during the year:								
For cash, net of issue costs	2,949,206	1,889,757	-	(80,810)	-	-	-	1,808,947
For bonus	31,717	19,776	-	-	-	-	-	19,776
Subscriptions received	-	-	-	7,185	-	-	-	7,185
Share-based compensation expense	-	-	232,432	-	-	-	-	232,432
Dividends	86,591	53,991	-	-	-	-	(59,444)	(5,453)
For settlement of loan	481,140	300,000	-	-	-	-	-	300,000
Loss and comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(934)	(81,810)	(82,744)
Balance as at December 31, 2019	19,542,629	6,388,098	348,648	7,185	-	(970)	(370,070)	6,372,891
Issued during the year:								
For cash	20,174,866	19,180,825	-	(7,185)	-	-	-	19,173,640
Less: finders' fees	-	(1,083,461)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,083,461)
Less: other cash issuance costs	-	(171,482)	-	-	-	-	-	(171,482)
Pursuant to royalty acquisition	1,374,683	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
Deemed issued by Elemental to acquire								
Fengro	753,706	732,426	-	-	-	-	-	732,426
For bonus	10,325	7,511	-	-	-	-	-	7,511
Convertible loan equity component	-	-	-	-	124,929	-	-	124,929
Pursuant to conversion of loan	2,406,322	2,459,596	-	-	(124,929)	-	-	2,334,667
To settle fees on loan	196,207	190,250	-	-	-	-	-	190,250
To settle loan	65,996	87,963	-	-	-	-	-	87,963
Share-based compensation expense	-	-	729,846	-	-	-	-	729,846
Loss and comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	41,153	(2,630,638)	(2,589,485)
Balance as at December 31, 2020	44,524,734	28,791,726	1,078,494	-	-	40,183	(3,000,708)	26,909,695

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

ELEMENTAL ROYALTIES CORP.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Elemental Royalties Corp. (the “Company” or “ERC”) (formerly “Fengro Industries Corp.”) (“Fengro”) was incorporated on March 11, 2014 under the laws of the Province of British Columbia. The Company is primarily involved in the acquisition of precious metal royalties. The head office and principal address is 880 – 580 Hornby Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.

On July 27, 2020, Fengro acquired all of the issued and outstanding common shares of a British Virgin Islands incorporated company, Elemental Royalties Limited (“ERL”), in exchange for 22,664,788 common shares. As a result of this transaction, the shareholders of ERL acquired more than 50% of Fengro’s issued and outstanding common shares and the transaction was accounted for as a reverse takeover (“RTO”). Upon completion of the RTO, the shareholders of ERL obtained control of the consolidated entity. ERL has been identified as the acquirer, and accordingly the entity is considered to be a continuation of ERL with the net assets of Fengro at the date of the RTO deemed to have been acquired by ERL (Note 4). The consolidated financial statements include the results of operations of Fengro from July 27, 2020. The comparative figures are those of ERL.

On July 30, 2020 the common shares of the Company commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange under the ticker symbol “ELE”. On November 4, 2020, the Company’s shares began trading on the OTCQX market under the trading symbol “ELEM”.

The outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic during the year may have a potential impact on the mining operations in which the Company holds royalty interests and receives revenues. The Company is closely monitoring the impact and mitigating actions by each of the mine operators and is pleased to note there has been no significant disruption to operations and in turn, royalty revenues to date. The diversified royalty interests held by the Company across a number of different mine operators and geographical locations significantly mitigate this risk.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

(A) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IFRS”).

The financial statements are presented in US Dollars rounded to the nearest dollar. The notation “\$” represents US dollars and “CAD\$” represents Canadian dollars.

The financial statements were approved by the board and authorized for issue on April 23, 2021.

(B) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

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Information about such judgements and estimates are contained in the accounting policies and/or the notes to the consolidated financial statements. Areas of judgement and estimation that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements are outlined below.

(a) Areas of judgment

- *Classification of royalty arrangements: initial recognition and measurement*

There is judgement to whether the royalty interests should be accounted for as a financial asset, intangible asset or tangible asset. Royalties, where the right to receive cash exists only to the extent there is production and there are no interest payments, minimum payment obligations or any other means to enforce production or guarantee repayment are classified as tangible assets by the Company. The purchase price of each royalty interest acquired is economically similar to holding a direct interest in the underlying mineral asset. Existence risk (the commodity physically existing in the quantity demonstrated), production risk (that the operator can achieve production and operate a commercially viable project), timing risk (commencement and quantity produced, determined by the operator) and price risk (returns vary depending on the future commodity price, driven by future supply and demand) are all risks which the Company indirectly participates in on a similar basis to an owner of the underlying mineral licence. However, due to the nature of royalty interests, the Company has no input into the operations of the mines of which it has an interest.

- *Impairment review of royalty interests*

Royalty interests are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting date with the assessment considering variables such as the production profiles, production commissioning dates where applicable, forecast commodity prices and guidance from the mine operators such as reserve and resource estimates or other relevant information which would indicate reduced or ceased production from royalty interests.

(b) Sources of estimation uncertainty

- *Mineral reserves and mineral resources*

The Company's royalty interests that generate economic benefits are considered depletable and are depleted on a units-of-production method over the anticipated life of the mine to which the interest relates, which is determined using available information on proven and probable mineral reserves and the portion of mineral resources expected to be classified as mineral reserves at the mine corresponding to the specific agreement. These calculations require the use of estimates and assumptions, including the mineral reserves and mineral resources relating to each royalty interest. Mineral reserves and mineral resources are estimates of the amount of minerals that can be extracted from the mining properties at which the Company has royalty interests. Changes to the mineral reserves mineral and resources assumptions could directly impact the depletion rates used. Changes to depletion rates are accounted for prospectively.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements and have been applied consistently by Company entities.

(A) Basis of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries listed in the following table:

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Name	Country of Incorporation	Functional Currency	% Equity Interest as at	
			December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Elemental Royalties Limited	BVI	US dollars	100%	100%
Elemental One Limited	BVI	US dollars	100%	100%
Elemental Royalties (Australia) Pty Ltd.	Australia	Australian dollars	100%	100%
Sanembaore Sarl Pty Ltd.	Australia	Australian dollars	100%	0%
Elemental Resources Limited	England and Wales	Pound Sterling	100%	0%
Elemental (Finance) Limited	Canada	Canadian dollars	100%	0%

The results of each subsidiary will continue to be included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company until the date the Company's control over the subsidiary ceases. Control is defined as the exposure, or rights, to variable returns from involvement with an investee and the ability to affect those returns through power over the investee. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

(B) Foreign Currency*(i) Foreign currency transactions*

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the date of the consolidated statement of financial position are translated at the foreign exchange rate at that date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognized in the income statement.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated at foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined.

(ii) Financial statements of foreign operations

The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries is the principal currency of the economic environment in which they operate. The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated to United States dollars at exchange rates ruling at the date of the consolidated statement of financial position. The revenues and expenses of operations are translated to United States dollars at rates approximating to the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange differences arising on retranslation are recognized in other comprehensive income.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative exchange differences recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income relating to that operation up to the date of disposal are transferred to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

(C) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and highly liquid investments held in the form of money market investments and certificates of deposit with investment terms that allow for penalty free redemption after one month.

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(D) Revenue

Revenue is comprised of revenue earned from royalty interests. The Company recognizes revenue upon the transfer of control of the relevant commodity from the operator to the end customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those commodities. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable when management can reliably estimate the amount, pursuant to the terms of the royalty agreement. In some instances, the Company will not have access to sufficient information to make a reasonable estimate of consideration to which it expects to be entitled and, accordingly, revenue recognition is deferred until management can make a reasonable estimate. Differences between estimates and actual amounts are adjusted and recorded in the period that the actual amounts are known.

Royalty income is recognized gross of directly-related withholding tax, if applicable, which is deducted at source. Withholding tax is a form of income tax in accordance with IAS 12 and recognized as tax expense in the financial statements.

(D) Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax.

Income tax is recognized in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognized using the balance sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amount used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

(E) Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its common shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to common shareholders and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the effects of all potentially dilutive common shares, which comprises irrevocable ordinary share subscriptions.

(F) Tangible assets*Royalty arrangements*

Royalty interests consist of acquired royalty interests. Royalty interests which are identified and classified as tangible assets are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable transaction costs. They are subsequently

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measured at cost less accumulated depletion and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Project evaluation costs that are not related to a specific royalty interest are expensed in the period incurred.

Producing royalty interests are depleted using the units-of-production ("UoP") method over the anticipated life of the mine to which the interest relates, which is estimated using available information on proven and probable reserves and the portion of resources expected to be classified as mineral reserves at the mine corresponding to the specific agreement, where management is confident that further resources will be converted into reserves and are approaching economic decisions affecting the mine on this basis.

In situations when the expectations change, and management determines that an alternative basis may be more appropriate, such change is treated as a change in accounting estimate under IAS 8. The effect of the change is recognized prospectively from the period in which the change has been made.

When acquiring a new royalty interest, an allocation of its cost is attributed to the exploration potential of the interest and is recorded as a non-depletable asset on the acquisition date. The value of the exploration potential is accounted for in accordance with IFRS 6, Exploration and Evaluation of Mineral Resources and is not depleted until such time as the technical feasibility and commercial viability have been established at which point the value of the asset is accounted for in accordance with IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment.

(G) Impairment of Royalty Interests

Evaluation of the carrying values of each royalty interest is undertaken when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying values may not be recoverable. If any indication of impairment exists, the recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of any impairment loss. For assets classified as exploration potential, the impairment is assessed at each reporting period in accordance with IFRS 6. The recoverable amount is the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. The calculation of the recoverable amount includes the following significant assumptions: production based on estimated mineral reserves and mineral resources, long-term commodity prices, and discount rate. Estimated future production is determined using estimated mineral reserves and mineral resources, as well as exploration potential expected to be converted into resources or reserves. Long-term commodity prices are determined by reference to average long-term price forecasts per analyst consensus pricing. If it is determined that the recoverable amount is less than the carrying value, then an impairment is recorded with a charge to net income (loss).

An assessment is made at each reporting period if there is any indication that a previous impairment loss may no longer exist or has decreased. If indications are present, the carrying amount of the royalty interest is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount net of depletion that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the royalty interest in previous periods.

(H) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognized in the statements of financial position when the Company has become a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in profit or loss.

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(i) Financial assets carried at amortized cost

These assets incorporate such types of financial assets where the objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest. They are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue, and are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment. Impairment of provisions for receivables are recognized based on the simplified approach within IFRS 9 using a provision matrix in the determination of the lifetime expected credit losses. During this process the probability of the non-payment of the receivables is assessed. This probability is then multiplied by the amount of the expected loss arising from default to determine the lifetime expected credit loss for the receivables. On confirmation that the receivable will not be collectable, the gross carrying value of the asset is written off against the associated provision.

For trade receivables (not subject to provisional pricing) and other receivables due in less than 12 months, the Company applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs, as permitted by IFRS 9. Therefore, the Company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead, recognises a loss allowance based on the financial asset's lifetime ECL at each reporting date.

The Company considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are four weeks past due without communication from the operator of the mine over which the Company holds a royalty. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows and usually occurs when past due for more than one year and not subject to enforcement activity.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost are credit impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred which aligns to the definition of default.

The Company's financial assets measured at amortized cost comprise other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, prepaid expenses, deferred acquisition costs and deferred financing costs in the consolidated statement of financial position.

(ii) Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method include borrowings, and trade and other payables that are short term in nature. Financial liabilities are derecognized if the Company's obligations specified in the contract expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate ("EIR"). The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

(I) Share-based compensation

Directors and officers receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments whereby services are rendered for equity instruments (equity-settled transactions).

Directors and officers receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments whereby services are rendered for equity instruments (equity-settled transactions). The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model, further details of which are given in note 8.

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The cost is recognised in share-based compensation expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity (Reserves) over the period in which the service and performance conditions are fulfilled (the vesting period). The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value.

The fair value of share purchase options granted is recognized as an employee or consultant expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The fair value of share purchase options granted is determined by the Black-Scholes option pricing model using amounts that are believed to approximate the volatility of the trading price of the Company's stock, the expected lives of awards of share purchase options, the fair value of the Company's shares and the risk-free interest rate. For employees, the fair value of the options is measured at the date of grant. For non-employees, the options are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, unless they cannot be reliably measured in which case their values are determined by the Black-Scholes option pricing model. For non-employees, the fair value of the options is measured on the earlier of the date at which the counterparty performance is complete or the date the performance commitment is reached or the date at which the equity instruments are granted if they are fully vested and non-forfeitable.

The estimated fair value of awards of share purchase options is recognized in profit or loss over the vesting period, with offsetting amounts to equity reserve. If the share purchase options are granted for past services, they are recognized in profit or loss immediately. If the share purchase options are forfeited prior to vesting, no amounts are recognized in profit or loss. If share purchase options are exercised, then the fair value of the options is reclassified from equity reserve to share capital.

At each financial position reporting date, the amount recognized as profit or loss is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share purchase options that are expected to vest.

(K) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortized cost. All borrowings costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(L) Segment reporting

In accordance with IFRS 8 'Operating Segments', an operating segment is defined as a business activity whose operating results are reviewed by the chief operating decision maker ('CODM') and for which discrete information is available. The Company's CODM is the Chief Executive Officer.

The Company operates in a single segment, the acquisition of royalties and similar production-based interests. In addition, the Company has corporate activities, which include the evaluation and acquisition of new royalties, streams and similar production-based interests and corporate administration. The Company's income, costs, assets, liabilities and cash flows are therefore totally attributable to its one segment.

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4. REVERSE TAKEOVER

On April 27, 2020, the Company entered into a binding business combination agreement pursuant to the November 5, 2019 non-binding letter of intent with Fengro Industries Corp., a company trading on the TSX Venture Exchange, whereby Elemental and Fengro agreed to complete a reverse takeover.

On July 27, 2020, the Company completed the reverse takeover with Fengro and on July 30, 2020 the Company's shares commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange under the trading symbol "ELE".

Effective July 27, 2020, Fengro changed its name to "Elemental Royalties Corp." and consolidated its share capital (the "Consolidation") on the basis of 209 (old) common shares for 1 (new) common share. Immediately following the Consolidation, Fengro had an aggregate of 753,706 common shares outstanding.

Pursuant to the terms of the RTO all outstanding securities of ERL were exchanged (the "Share Exchange") for post-Consolidation securities of ERC on a 4.8114 for 1 basis, resulting in 22,664,788 ERC common shares being issued to former shareholders of ERL. The 497,797 Performance Share Units outstanding at July 27, 2020 were exchanged on a 4.8114 for 1 basis, resulting in 2,395,109 replacement Performance Share Units being issued. All references to share and per share amounts in these consolidated financial statements have been retroactively restated to reflect the post-4.8114 for 1 exchange ratio.

In accordance with IFRS, the substance of the acquisition is a reverse takeover as the shareholders of ERL held 96.78% of the resulting issuer shares and Fengro shareholders held 3.22% of the resulting issuer shares. Accordingly, for accounting purposes, ERL was treated as the accounting parent company (legal subsidiary) and Fengro has been treated as the accounting subsidiary (legal parent) in these consolidated financial statements. As ERL was deemed to be the acquirer for accounting purposes, its assets, liabilities and operations since incorporation are included in these consolidated financial statements at their historical carrying values. Fengro's results of operations have been included from July 27, 2020.

As the acquisition of Fengro did not constitute a business combination, the reverse takeover transaction was accounted for in accordance with IFRS 2 *Share-based Payments* whereby equity instruments issued were recognized at fair value and allocated to the net assets acquired (liabilities assumed). Any difference is the value of the listing which was expensed on completion of the RTO.

The consideration paid was the fair value of common shares deemed issued by ERL which had a fair value of \$732,426. These are the 753,706 shares retained by the Fengro shareholders. The fair value of the 753,706 common shares was determined based on the pricing of the concurrent financing with a value of CAD\$1.30 (\$0.972) being allocated to each common share (Note 8(c)). The purchase price was allocated to the net assets acquired as follows:

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Net assets acquired	\$
Assets acquired	
Cash	12,462
Accounts receivable	1,641
Liabilities assumed	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(145,938)
Loans payable	(172,666)
Net liabilities as at July 27, 2020	(304,501)

Consideration paid	
Fair value of 753,706 common shares deemed issued	732,426

Listing expense	1,036,927
------------------------	------------------

Transaction costs of the RTO of \$496,751 were expensed.

5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	December 31, 2020 \$	December 31, 2019 \$
Accrued royalty income	1,081,944	438,548
Other receivables	21,887	6,634
Total accounts receivable	1,103,831	445,182

6. ROYALTY INTERESTS

	Kwale	Panton Sill	Mount Pleasant	Amancaya	Mercedes	Wahgnion	
	<i>Kenya</i>	<i>Australia</i>	<i>Australia</i>	<i>Chile</i>	<i>Mexico</i>	<i>Burkina Faso</i>	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, December 31, 2018	618,791	94,219	430,822	3,344,906	999,001	-	5,487,739
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depletion	(120,470)	-	(4,759)	(581,459)	-	-	(706,688)
Foreign exchange translation	-	-	(1,479)	-	-	-	(1,479)
Balance, December 31, 2019	498,321	94,219	424,584	2,763,447	999,001	-	4,779,572

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	Kwale	Panton Sill	Mount Pleasant	Amancaya	Mercedes	Wahgnion	
	<i>Kenya</i>	<i>Australia</i>	<i>Australia</i>	<i>Chile</i>	<i>Mexico</i>	<i>Burkina Faso</i>	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, December 31, 2019	498,321	94,219	424,584	2,763,447	999,001	-	4,779,572
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	12,512,158	12,512,158
Depletion	(168,329)	-	(647)	(723,124)	-	(797,117)	(1,689,217)
Foreign exchange translation	-	-	42,788	-	-	-	42,788
Balance, December 31, 2020	329,992	94,219	466,725	2,040,323	999,001	11,715,041	15,645,301

Kwale

In February 2017 the Company acquired a 0.25% gross revenue royalty ("GRR") royalty on the Kwale mineral sands mine located 50 kilometres south of Mombasa in Kenya, from Acacia Mining Plc (LON: ACA) for cash consideration of \$937,500. In addition, \$5,639 in transaction costs was incurred. The Kwale mine is operated by Base Resources Limited, an Australian-based, African-focused mineral sands producer and developer which is dual-listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX: BSE) and the London Alternative Investment Market (AIM: BSE).

Panton Sill

The Company acquired a 0.5% net smelter return ("NSR") royalty on the Panton Sill project, located about 60km north of Halls Creek in the East Kimberley region of Western Australia, from Fevertree Resources Pty Ltd in February 2017 for the consideration of \$90,000, settled by the issue of shares of the Company. The Company incurred \$4,219 in transaction costs. The Panton Sill project is owned by Panoramic Resources Limited, a base metal mining and exploration company which is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX: PAN).

Mount Pleasant

In December 2017 the Company acquired a royalty interest consisting of the lesser of either 5% net profit interest ("NPI") or AU\$10/Ounce royalty on the Mount Pleasant operations, located 40km northwest of Kalgoorlie in Western Australia, from a subsidiary of the Carlton & United Breweries Company for cash consideration of AU\$600,000. A deferred payment of AU\$400,000 is due at the point a decision is taken to mine a refractory portion of the resource and funds committed to its development. A total of AU\$16,118 in acquisition costs were incurred. The Mount Pleasant mine is operated by Zijin Mining Group, a large Chinese international mining company engaged in the exploration and mining of gold, copper, zinc and other mineral resources, which is dual-listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (HKSE: 2899) and the Shanghai Stock Exchange (SSEC: 601899).

Amancaya

In July 2018 the Company acquired a 2.25% NSR royalty on the Amancaya gold-silver mine, located in northern Chile approximately 200km south east of Antofagasta, from Yamana Gold Inc (TSX: YRI) for cash consideration of \$3.55m. A total of \$64,306 in acquisition costs was incurred. The Amancaya mine is operated by Austral Gold Limited, a producer and explorer of precious metals which is dual-listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX: AGD) and the Toronto Venture Exchange (TSX-V: AGLD).

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Mercedes

In July 2018 the Company acquired a 1% NSR royalty on the Mercedes gold-silver mine, located in the State of Sonora in northern Mexico, 300km south of Tucson Arizona, from Yamana Gold Inc (TSX: YRI) for cash consideration of \$950,000. Acquisition costs of \$49,000 were incurred. The Mercedes mine is operated by Equinox Gold Corp (TSX: EQX) following the completion of its acquisition of Premier Gold Mines Limited on April 7, 2021.

Wahgnion

On December 13, 2019, the Company entered into a Binding Heads of Agreement between the Company and the Vendor pursuant to which the Company agreed to acquire 100% of the issued capital of Sanembaore Sarl Pty Ltd ("SNB"), a company incorporated under the laws of Australia. SNB's principal asset is a 1% NSR royalty over Teranga Gold's Wahgnion project in Burkina Faso. The acquisition closed on January 29, 2020. The Wahgnion mine is operated by Endeavour Mining (TSX: EDV) following the completion of its acquisition of Teranga Gold Corp. on February 10, 2021.

In consideration for SNB, the Company paid a total of \$12,500,000 consisting of a first payment of \$11,500,000 and issued 1,374,683 common shares (issued on January 16, 2020 at the fair value of \$1,000,000). The final payment as well as a late interest payment of \$73,014 was made on January 23, 2020. Acquisition costs of \$7,153 were incurred. As SNB had no net assets other than the Wahgnion royalty, the purchase price and acquisition costs to acquire SNB were allocated to royalty interests.

A Director of the Company owned a 30% interest in the Vendor; given this minority ownership position, the Vendor was considered to be an arm's length party.

The following table summarizes the Company's total revenue from royalty interests during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Kwale	485,513	470,723
Mount Pleasant	8,960	17,042
Amancaya	1,915,324	1,927,594
Wahgnion	2,711,187	-
Total revenue from royalty interests	5,120,984	2,415,359

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7. BORROWINGS

	December 31, 2020 \$	December 31, 2019 \$
Opening balance	-	1,848,845
Additions from credit facility	8,500,000	-
Additions from convertible loan	2,000,000	-
Allocation to equity component of convertible loan	(124,929)	-
Accretion of convertible loan	124,929	-
Transaction costs	(113,933)	-
Amortization of transaction costs and arrangement fees	113,933	-
Additions from the RTO with Fengro (Note 3)	172,666	-
Foreign exchange loss on Fengro loan	2,676	-
Repayments – ordinary shares	(2,087,963)	(300,000)
Repayments - cash	(8,587,378)	(1,548,845)
Closing balance	1	-

On June 15, 2018 the Company entered into a short-term loan facility with Flewis Holdings Pty Limited for up to \$4m. On July 10, 2018 the Company drew down \$3.69M. The loan carried an interest rate of 12% per annum, payable quarterly in arrears. On May 28, 2019, the loan was settled in full by paying cash and issuing 481,140 common shares at the fair value of \$300,000.

Credit Facility

On December 19, 2019, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement with Sprott Private Resource Lending ("Sprott"), an arm's length party, pursuant to which the Company would be provided with a \$8,500,000 senior secured credit facility (the "Sprott Credit Facility"). On January 23, 2020, the Company received \$8,500,000 from the Sprott Credit Facility.

The Sprott Credit Facility bears interest at a rate of 11.50% per annum paid monthly, maturing on July 23, 2020 and was secured by all assets of the Company. The Sprott Credit Facility requires the Company to maintain cash and working capital balances of greater than \$1.0 million.

The lender received a fee of \$190,250 payable on completion of the RTO in shares at the RTO share price. A separate fee of \$80,000 was paid for the lender making a potential future financing facility available. The Company agreed to pay legal fees of the lender and as at December 31, 2019, the Company had advanced the lender \$75,000 for legal fees. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company paid additional legal fees of \$18,000 and accrued additional legal fees payable of \$20,933. On July 1, 2020, the Sprott Credit Facility was amended with a revised maturity date of August 23, 2020.

On August 7, 2020, the Company repaid \$8,539,939 which included \$8,499,999 of principal, \$20,933 of legal fees and \$19,007 of interest. The Company also issued 196,207 common shares to settle the \$190,250 arrangement fee at the fair value of CAD\$1.30 per common share (\$0.970). The principal balance remaining on the Sprott Credit Facility is \$1, which was repaid subsequent to December 31, 2020.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company recorded interest expense of \$537,624, amortization of transaction costs of \$113,933 and arrangement fee expense of \$270,250 on the Sprott Credit Facility.

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Subsequent to December 31, 2020, the Sprott Credit Facility was amended (Note 15).

Convertible Loan

On January 9, 2020, the Company entered into a Convertible Loan Agreement with Tembo Mining Capital Fund LP ("Tembo"), an arm's length party. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, the Company received a loan of \$2,000,000 bearing interest at a rate of 12% per annum and maturing on July 7, 2020. In addition, the lender was to receive an arrangement fee of \$200,000 payable on maturity. On May 13, 2020, the Convertible Loan Agreement was amended with a revised maturity date of August 6, 2020. All other terms remained the same.

The loan was convertible into ordinary shares of the Company at the lower of (i) the price per post-RTO share at which the first equity offering following the RTO is completed provided that the equity offering is at least \$2,000,000 and (ii) the volume weighted average price of the post-RTO share for the five trading days before conversion. On July 30, 2020, Tembo converted the \$2,000,000 loan, the \$200,000 arrangement fee and \$134,667 of accrued interest. The conversion price was CAD\$1.30 per common share (\$0.970) resulting in Elemental issuing 2,406,322 common shares to settle the Convertible Loan.

At inception, the Company determined the fair value of the liability component of the Convertible Loan to be \$1,875,071, based on the net present value of future cash flows. The residual value of \$124,929 was allocated to the equity component of the Convertible Loan. On conversion of the loan, the amount was transferred to share capital.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company recorded interest expense of \$134,667, accretion expense of \$124,929 and arrangement fee expense of \$200,000 on the Convertible Loan.

Fengro Loan

As part of the RTO with Fengro, the Company assumed the CAD\$230,987 (\$172,666) loan payable due to Tembo and an arm's length lender.

On August 4, 2020, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with Tembo whereby 65,996 common shares were issued to settle CAD\$115,493 of the loan. The shares were issued on September 3, 2020 at the fair value of \$87,963 based on the share price of CAD\$1.75 per common share (\$1.333).

On August 19, 2020, the Company paid the arm's length lender CAD\$115,494 (\$87,379) to settle the remaining balance of the loan.

8. SHARE CAPITAL*a) Authorized*

The Company's authorized share structure consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

b) Share exchange

Pursuant to the terms of the RTO all outstanding securities of ERL were exchanged for post-Consolidation securities of ERC on a 4.8114 for 1 basis (Note 4). All references to share and per share amounts in these consolidated financial statements have been retroactively restated to reflect the post-consolidation 4.8114 for 1 exchange ratio.

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c) Share activities

Details of equity transactions during the year ended December 31, 2020 are as follows:

- 1) On January 7, 2020, the Company issued 496,272 common shares at \$0.73 per share to raise gross proceeds of \$361,008;
- 2) On January 23, 2020, the Company issued 1,374,683 common shares at \$0.73 per share as part of the acquisition of SNB (Note 5);
- 3) On April 21, 2020, the Company issued 10,325 common shares at \$0.73 per share as payment of a bonus of \$7,511 to a Company employee;
- 4) On May 1, 2020, the Company issued 1,240,879 common shares at \$0.73 per share to raise gross proceeds of \$902,664;
- 5) On July 27, 2020, the Company was deemed to have issued 753,706 common shares at CAD \$1.30 (\$0.972) per share as part of the reverse takeover transaction (Note 3);
- 6) On July 28, 2020, the Company completed a brokered subscription receipt financing of 18,437,715 common shares at CAD\$1.30 (\$0.972) per share for gross proceeds of CAD\$23,969,030 (\$17,917,153). In connection with the financing, the Company paid cash finders' fees of \$1,083,461 and incurred cash issuance costs of \$171,482;
- 7) On July 30, 2020, the Company issued 2,406,322 common shares to convert the Tembo loan, including the arrangement fee and accrued interest at a conversion price of CAD\$1.30 (\$0.97) as repayment of the \$2,334,667 convertible loan (Note 6).;
- 8) On July 30, 2020, the Company issued 196,207 common shares at CAD\$1.30 (\$0.97) to settle the \$190,250 arrangement fee for the Sprott Credit Facility (Note 6); and
- 9) On September 3, 2020, the Company issued 65,996 common shares to settle CAD\$115,494 of debt incurred pursuant to a bridge loan made to Fengro in March 2019.

Details of equity transactions during the year ended December 31, 2019 are as follows:

- 1) On February 22, 2019, the Company issued 129,908 common shares at \$0.62 per share to raise gross proceeds of \$81,000;
- 2) On February 22, 2019, the Company issued 40,214 common shares at \$0.62 per share as payment of \$25,074 of dividends;
- 3) On February 22, 2019, the Company issued 31,717 common shares at \$0.62 per share as a bonus payment of \$19,776 to a Company employee;
- 4) On June 14, 2019, the Company issued 481,140 common shares at \$0.62 per share to settle the remainder of the loan to Flewis Holdings Pty Limited;
- 5) On June 14, 2019, the Company issued 2,303,790 common shares at \$0.62 per share to raise gross proceeds of \$1,436,457. The Company incurred finders' fees of \$2,700;
- 6) On June 14, 2019, the Company issued 46,377 common shares at \$0.62 per share as payment of \$28,917 of dividends; and
- 7) On December 23, 2019, the Company issued 515,508 common shares at \$0.73 per share to raise gross proceeds of \$375,000.

Share subscription received relates to funds received in advance of shares being issued. As at December 31, 2020, the balance was \$nil (2019 - \$7,185).

d) Stock options and performance share units

The Company has an incentive compensation plan for stock options, performance share units and restricted share units. The maximum number of shares reserved for issue under the plan shall not exceed 10% of the outstanding

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common shares of the Company, as at the date of the grant. The maximum number of common shares reserved for issue to any one person under the plan cannot exceed 5% of the issued and outstanding number of common shares at the date of the grant and the maximum number of common shares reserved for issue to a consultant or a person engaged in investor relations activities cannot exceed 2% of the issued and outstanding number of common shares at the date of the grant. The exercise price of each option granted under the plan may not be less than the Discounted Market Price (as that term is defined in the policies of the TSX-V). The vesting terms of the awards are in the sole discretion of the Board of Directors. Options may be granted for a maximum term of ten years from the date of the grant, are non-transferable and expire within 90 days of termination of employment or holding office as a director or officer of the Company.

Stock options

Changes in share purchase options during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

	Number of stock options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Life (Years)
Outstanding, December 31, 2019	-		
Granted	900,000	CAD\$1.50	5.00
Outstanding, December 31, 2020	900,000	CAD\$1.50	4.58
Outstanding and exercisable, December 31, 2020	-	CAD\$1.50	-

As at December 31, 2020, there were 900,000 stock options outstanding at CAD\$1.50 per share expiring on July 28, 2025. The stock options vest on July 28, 2021.

The fair value of the stock options granted has been estimated to be \$0.56 per stock option using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The assumptions used for the calculation were:

Stock price	CAD\$1.30
Exercise price	CAD\$1.50
Risk-free interest rate	0.33%
Expected life	5.0 years
Expected volatility ⁽¹⁾	75%
Expected dividends	Nil

⁽¹⁾ The volatility was determined as per an average of the volatility of comparable publicly traded companies.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company recorded \$208,655 (2019 - \$nil) of share-based compensation to the statement of comprehensive loss based on the vesting of stock options.

Performance share units

The Company has certain performance share units ("PSUs") outstanding which were issued to directors and officers. Changes in PSUs during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

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	Number of PSUs
Outstanding, December 31, 2018 and 2019	497,797
Recapitalization transactions	
Pursuant to the acquisition of Fengro	(497,797)
Replacement PSUs issued	2,395,109
Issued	500,000
Outstanding, December 31, 2020	2,895,109
Outstanding and exercisable, December 31, 2020	463,498

On June 14, 2018, the Company issued 2,395,109 PSUs to directors and officers, expiring on June 14, 2023. The PSUs vest once the Company's share price reaches between \$0.62 and \$1.25 per share and a period of time has passed. 463,498 PSUs vest after 2 years if the share price reaches \$0.62. The remaining PSUs vest after 3 years with 579,483 vesting if the share price reaches \$0.78, 579,483 if the share price reaches \$0.94 and 772,645 if the share price reaches \$1.25.

On July 28, 2020, the Company issued 500,000 PSUs to certain employees of Elemental. The PSUs vest once the Company's share price reaches between CAD\$1.70 and CAD\$2.20 per share and a period of time has passed as follows: 160,000 PSUs vest after 2 years (July 28, 2022) if the share price reaches CAD\$1.70 and 340,000 PSUs vest after 3 years (July 28, 2023) if the share price reaches CAD\$2.20.

The fair value of the performance share units was estimated using the fair value of a common share at the grant date and various probabilities of the likelihood of the Company's stock price reaching the targets.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company recorded \$521,191 (2019 - \$232,432) of share-based compensation to the statement of comprehensive loss based on the vesting of PSUs.

e) Escrowed Shares

On completion of the Transaction, certain principals of Elemental entered into a Tier 1 Value Escrow Agreement with the TSX Venture Exchange and Computershare Trust Company of Canada, as escrow agent, in respect of 9,564,143 Elemental common shares and 2,760,109 PSUs for aggregate escrowed securities of 12,324,252. Under the terms of the Escrow Agreement, 25% of such escrowed securities were released upon closing (July 30, 2020) with subsequent 25% releases occurring 6, 12, and 18 months from closing. These escrow shares will be released as follows:

Date of Automatic Timed Release	Amount of Escrow Shares Released
On the date that the Company's common shares were listed on the TSX-V, July 30, 2020	1/4 of the escrow shares
6 months after the listing date (January 30, 2021)	1/4 of the escrow shares
12 months after the listing date (July 30, 2021)	1/4 of the escrow shares
18 months after the listing date (January 30, 2022)	The remainder of the escrow shares

As at December 31, 2020, 7,173,108 common shares and 2,070,082 PSUs remained in escrow.

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f) Basic and diluted loss per share

During the year ended December 31, 2020, potentially dilutive common shares totaling 3,795,109 (2019: 2,395,109) were not included in the calculation of basic and diluted loss per share because their effect was anti-dilutive. Potentially dilutive common shares are from PSUs and stock options.

9. INCOME TAXES

Income tax expense differs from the amount that would result from applying corporate income tax rates to earnings before income taxes. The differences result from the following items during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Loss before income taxes	(1,316,760)	(773,076)
Statutory tax rate of parent	27%	0%
Expected income tax expense (recovery) at statutory income tax rate	(355,525)	-
Difference between parent and foreign tax rate	(134,478)	-
Withholding taxes	1,313,878	773,076
Permanent differences	386,869	-
Changes in unrecognized deferred tax assets	445,738	-
Other adjustments	(342,604)	-
Total income tax expense (recovery)	1,313,878	773,076
Current income tax expense (recovery)	1,313,878	773,076
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	-	-

The change in the statutory tax rate from the prior year arises from the reverse takeover of Elemental Royalties. The statutory tax rate in 2020 is the Canadian income tax rate, and the statutory tax rate in 2019 is the British Virgin Island Tax Rate.

The Company has the following unrecognized tax attributes as at December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Deferred tax assets		
Share issue costs	321,045	-
Non-capital losses and others	150,292	15,692
	471,337	15,692
Unrecognised deferred tax assets	(471,337)	(15,692)
Deferred tax liabilities	-	-
Net deferred income tax asset	-	-

The Company has Canadian tax losses of \$285,000 available to offset future taxable income. The losses expire in 2040. The Company has Australian tax losses of \$142,000 and United Kingdom tax losses of \$214,000 available to offset

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future taxable income that do not expire. Tax attributes are subject to review and potential adjustments by tax authorities.

10. OPERATING EXPENSES BY NATURE

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
	\$	\$
Salary, fees and pension	790,480	300,733
Corporate administration	325,653	91,524
Listing and filing fees	41,553	-
Professional fees and consulting fees	798,665	306,737
Total operating expenses, including RTO expenses	1,956,351	698,994
Less: RTO expenses (Note 4)	(496,751)	-
Total operating expenses	1,459,600	698,994

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management includes the executive and non-executive directors and certain officers of the Company. Key management compensation during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Salary, fees, pension and professional fees	815,067	299,733
Share-based compensation – PSUs and stock options	638,327	232,432
	1,453,394	532,165

Acquisition of Elemental Resources Ltd.

During the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, Elemental Resources Ltd. ("ERLUK"), a company in which Frederick Bell and Richard Evans are directors and controlling shareholders, charged employment and office related expenses. On May 30, 2020, the Company acquired ERLUK for a purchase price of \$1. At the date of acquisition, ERLUK had net liabilities of \$4,552 as well as a receivable from the Company of \$78,793, resulting in a gain on acquisition of \$74,240.

12. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Investing and financing activities that do not have a direct impact on current cash flows are excluded from the statements of cash flows. During the year ended December 31, 2020, the following transactions were excluded from the statement of cash flows:

- a) 1,374,683 common shares were issued at the fair value of \$1,000,000 to acquire the Wahgnion Royalty (Note 6);
- b) 196,207 common shares were issued at the fair value of \$190,250 to settle the Spratt arrangement fee (Note 7);
- c) 2,406,322 common shares were issued at the fair value of \$2,334,667 on the conversion of the Tembo Convertible Loan (Note 7); and,
- d) 65,996 common shares were issued at the fair value of \$87,963 to settle the Fengro Loan (Note 7).

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During the year ended December 31, 2019, the following transactions were excluded from the statement of cash flows:

- a) 86,591 common shares were issued at the fair value of \$53,991 as settlement of dividends; and,
- b) 481,140 common shares were issued at the fair value of \$300,000 as settlement of a loan (Note 7).

13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS*Management of Capital*

Management monitors the Company's financial risk management policies and exposures and approve financial transactions.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to provide shareholder returns through maximisation of the profitable growth of the business and to maintain a degree of financial flexibility relevant to the underlying operating and metal price risks while safeguarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic conditions and risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure the Company may issue new shares, acquire debt, or sell assets. Management regularly reviews cash flow forecasts to determine whether the Company has sufficient cash reserves to meet future working capital requirements and to take advantage of business opportunities.

The Company was not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements with the exception of complying with certain covenants under the Sprott Credit Facility (Note 7). The Company was in compliance with the debt covenants as at December 31, 2020.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy based on the degree to which the inputs used to determine the fair value are observable. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 – Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in market that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 – Unobservable inputs which are supported by little or no market activity.

The Company did not have financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

The carrying amounts of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, other receivables, all trade and other payables in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

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Discussions of risks associated with financial assets and liabilities are detailed below:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counterparty's inability to fulfil its payment obligations. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is attributable to cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable relating to royalty revenues. The credit risk on cash is limited because the Company invests its cash in deposits with well capitalized financial institutions. The Company's accounts receivable is subject to the credit risk of the counterparties who own and operate the mines underlying the royalty portfolio. In order to mitigate its exposure to credit risk, the Company closely monitors its financial assets.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company manages liquidity risk by continuing to monitor forecasted and actual cash flows. The Company has in place a planning and budgeting process to help determine the funds required to support the Company's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis and its development plans. The Company strives to maintain sufficient liquidity to meet its short-term business requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from royalty interests, its holdings in cash and its committed liabilities.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the Company's future earnings will be adversely impacted by changes in market prices. Market risk for the Company comprises two types of risk: foreign currency risk and interest rate risk.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's transactions are carried out in a variety of currencies, including Sterling, Australian Dollar, Canadian Dollar and US Dollar. The Company has not hedged its exposure to currency fluctuations.

The Company is exposed to movements in the US\$ against CAD, GBP and AUD. Sensitivity analysis has been performed to indicate how the profit or loss would have been affected by changes in the exchange rate between the US\$ and each of these currencies. The analysis is based on a weakening and strengthening of these currencies by 10% against the US\$ in which the Company has assets and liabilities at the end of each respective period. A movement of 10% reflects a reasonably possible sensitivity when compared to historical movements over a three to five year timeframe. Based on the Company's CAD denominated monetary assets and liabilities at December 31, 2020, a 10% strengthening in CAD relative to the US\$ would result in an increase (decrease) of approximately \$750,000 in the Company's net loss. A 10% increase (decrease) of the value of other currencies relative to the US\$ would not have a material impact on net loss.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument or cash flows associated with the instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk arises from interest bearing financial assets and liabilities that the Company uses. Treasury activities take place under procedures and policies approved and monitored by the Board to minimize the financial risk faced by the Company. Interest-bearing assets comprise cash and cash equivalents which are considered to be short-term liquid assets, and interest-bearing liabilities comprise loans from Sprott and Tembo, which were repaid during the year. No sensitivity analysis has been disclosed as management does not consider any reasonable fluctuation in interest rates to be sufficiently material to disclose.

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14. COMMITMENTS

In December 2017, the Company acquired the Mount Pleasant royalty. A deferred payment of AU\$400,000 is due at the point a decision is taken to mine a refractory portion of the resource and funds committed to its development. As of the reporting date, the deferred payment has not been recognized as it is not considered more likely than not that the condition triggering the payment obligation will occur.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS*Credit Facility*

On December 29, 2020, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement with Sprott, an arms' length company, pursuant to which the Company would be provided with a \$25,000,000 senior secured credit facility (the "Amended Sprott Credit Facility"). On February 9, 2021, the Company received \$25,000,000 from the Amended Sprott Credit Facility. The Amended Sprott Credit Facility bears interest at a rate of 9% per annum plus the greater of (i) LIBOR and (ii) 1%, paid monthly, matures on January 31, 2023 and is secured by all assets of the Company. The Amended Sprott Credit Facility requires the Company to maintain cash and working capital balances of greater than \$1.0 million. The Company issued 653,255 common shares to Sprott as a partner alignment fee. As at December 31, 2020, the Company had incurred deferred financing costs of \$102,304 for legal fees and other fees.

Private Placement Financing

On February 9, 2021, the Company completed a private placement by issuing 10,748,132 common shares at a price of CAD\$1.50 per common share for gross proceeds of CAD\$16,122,198 (\$12,666,817). In connection with the private placement, the Company paid CAD\$743,568 (\$584,203) of cash finders' fees and incurred additional legal fees and other cash issuance costs. As at December 31, 2020, the Company had incurred deferred financing costs of \$51,086 relating to the private placement.

Acquisition of South32 Royalties

On February 9, 2021, the Company completed the acquisition of a portfolio of precious metal royalties from South32 Limited ("South32"). As consideration for the transaction, the Company made a cash payment of \$40,000,000 and issued 13,065,100 common shares to South32. As at December 31, 2020, the Company had incurred deferred acquisition costs of \$108,447 for legal fees, due diligence costs and other fees related to the acquisition of these royalties.